Pallone

Kirk Murphy (CT) Kirkpatrick (AZ) Murphy (NY) Kissell Klein (FL) Murphy, Tim Kline (MN) Murtha Myrick Kosmas Nadler (NY) Kratovil Kucinich Napolitano Lance Nunes Langevin Nve Oberstar Larsen (WA) Larson (CT) Obey Latham Olson LaTourette Olver Latta Ortiz Lee (CA) Owens Lee (NY) Levin Pascrell Lewis (CA) Pastor (AZ) Lewis (GA) Paulsen Lipinski Payne LoBiondo Pence Loebsack Perlmutter Lofgren Zoe Perriello Lowey Peters Lucas Peterson Luetkemever Petri Pingree (ME) Luján Lungren, Daniel Pitts E. Platts Poe (TX) Lynch Maffei Polis (CO) Malonev Pomerov Manzullo Posey Price (GA) Marchant Markey (CO) Price (NC) Markey (MA) Putnam Marshall Quigley Radanovich Massa Matheson Rahall Matsui Rangel McCarthy (CA) Rehberg McCarthy (NY) Reichert McCaul Reves Richardson McCollum McCotter Rodriguez McDermott Roe (TN) McGovern Rogers (AL) McHenry Rogers (KY) McIntyre Rogers (MI) McKeon Rohrabacher McMahon McMorris Rooney Ros-Lehtinen Rodgers Roskam McNerney Meek (FL) Ross Roybal-Allard Meeks (NY) Ruppersberger Melancon Rush Ryan (OH) Michaud Miller (FL) Rvan (WI) Miller (MI) Salazar Miller (NC) Sánchez, Linda Miller, Gary Miller, George Sarbanes Minnick Mitchell Scalise Mollohan Schakowsky Moore (KS) Schauer Moore (WI) Schiff

Schwartz Murphy, Patrick Scott (GA) Scott (VA) Serrano Sessions Sestak Shea-Porter Sherman Shimkus Shuler Shuster Simpson Sires Skelton Slaughter Smith (NE) Smith (NJ) Smith (TX) Smith (WA) Snyder Souder Space Speier Spratt Stark Stearns Sullivan Sutton Tavlor Teague Terry Thompson (CA) Thompson (MS) Thompson (PA) Tiahrt Tiberi Tierney Titus Tonko Towns Tsongas Turner Upton Van Hollen Velázquez Visclosky Walden Walz Wamp Wasserman Schultz Waters Watson Watt Waxman Weiner Welch Westmoreland Wexler Whitfield Wilson (OH) Wilson (SC) Sanchez, Loretta Wolf Woolsev Wu Yarmuth

Schrader

NAYS-31

Schmidt

Schock

Akin Bishop (UT) Broun (GA) Campbell Carter Chaffetz Coffman (CO) Conaway Culberson Flake Franks (AZ) Lummis

Moran (KS)

Moran (VA)

Hensarling Mack Herger McClintock Inglis Mica Neugebauer Johnson, Sam Paul Jordan (OH) Royce King (IA) Sensenbrenner Kingston Shadegg Lamborn Thornberry Linder

NOT VOTING-8

Barrett (SC) Brown (SC) Gerlach

Hill Neal (MA) Rothman (NJ)

Stupak Tanner

Young (AK)

Young (FL)

□ 1556

So the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

REMOVAL OF NAME OF MEMBER AS COSPONSOR OF H. RES. 648

Mr. COHEN. Mr. Speaker, I ask for unanimous consent to withdraw my name as a cosponsor of H. Res. 648.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Tennessee?

There was no objection.

REMOVAL OF NAME OF MEMBER AS COSPONSOR OF H. RES. 648

Mr. TERRY. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to have my name removed as a cosponsor of House Resolution 648.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Nebraska?

There was no objection.

25THANNIVER-HONORING THE SARY OF REV. JESSE JACKSON'S PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGN

(Mr. COHEN asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. COHEN. This morning during 1minutes, 15 Members of the Democratic Caucus honored Rev. Jesse Jackson on the 25th anniversary of his Presidential run. He was the first African American male to run for President, and his contributions to our society cannot be overstated. He has a long career in civil rights work, and his leadership in forming the Rainbow Coalition is well known to all Americans.

It is important to note his place on the world stage, a role in which he has been an effective leader, negotiator, and voice for America around the world. Rev. Jackson's skills have been applied to international relations in Syria, where he freed Navy Lieutenant Robert Goodman in 1983. President Reagan recognized Rev. Jackson's essential contribution by hosting Rev. Jackson and Lieutenant Goodman at the White House. In 1984, Rev. Jackson negotiated the release of 22 Americans held in Cuba.

Although Rev. Jackson declined an opportunity to become Ambassador to South Africa because he wanted to help his son Congressman Jesse Jackson, Jr., seek election-which he did, as he was elected to this body in 1996—President Clinton had requested he be named Ambassador. He, instead, named him a special envoy for democracy in 1997. Subsequently, Jesse Jackson met with Kenyan President Daniel arap Moi to promote free and fair elections in Kenya. In 1999, he was in Kosovo and negotiated the release of three POWs.

Jesse Jackson's career on the international stage has been spectacular, and his place in history is assured. His passion, his dedication, and his continuing influence for change are hallmarks of his life. We need look no further than today's tribute to him when a group of House pages, a Rainbow Coa-

lition themselves, excitedly sought to have their picture taken with the Reverend Jackson and did, after he finished his appearance here in the gallery and listening to the 1-minutes this morning.

I join my fellow House Members in recognizing this 25th anniversary of the Presidential run of Rev. Jesse Jackson and appreciate what he's done for our Nation.

HONORING RYAN DILLON DURING EPILEPSY NATIONAL AWARE-NESS MONTH

(Mrs. EMERSON asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Mrs. EMERSON. Mr. Speaker, I stand here today to tell you about Ryan Dillon, a remarkable young man from Missouri's Eighth Congressional District, which I represent.

As a teenager, Ryan was highly active in school and clubs when, one day while brushing his teeth, his world went black. Ryan had had a seizure. Ryan went on to Westminster College in Fulton, Missouri, where he majored in political science. At Westminster, Ryan remained politically active, became vice president of the Student Government Association, and was elected Homecoming King during the fall of his senior year. All the while, he hid his epilepsy from his peers.

Epilepsy is one of the most common disorders of the nervous system. It affects people of all ages, races, and ethnic backgrounds. More than 3 million Americans of all ages are living with epilepsy, and every year, 200,000 Americans will develop seizures and epilepsy for the first time. Epilepsy can develop at any time of life, especially in early childhood and old age. It's a neurological condition that makes people susceptible to seizures.

Ryan is now 25 and serves as a congressional aide. He hopes to use his experiences and influence to raise awareness. As November is designated National Epilepsy Awareness Month, I am honored to help Ryan promote his message for increased research, awareness, and education to openly work toward a cure.

□ 1600

AMERICA'S LIFE LINE FOUNDATION

(Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to recognize the America's Life Line Foundation, a local nonprofit committed to serving our south Florida community. As part of its many activities, this caring group provides assistance to the many members of our Armed Forces and their families. Their upcoming event, Tribute